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Site - specific ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

for

Heavy maintenance (road rehabilitation-upgrading) of the State Road of the IB Category No. 35, Section

ZAJEČAR 5 – KNJAŽEVAC 1 (TRGOVIŠTE)

- Environmental Category B -

Draft, BELGRADE, July 2016

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ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- AADT Annual Average Daily Traffic
- CEP Contractor's Environmental Plan
- EBRD European Bank for Reconstruction and Development
- EIA Environmental Impact Assessment
- EIB European Investment Bank
- EMP Environmental Management Plan
- HSE Health, Safety and Environment
- IFIs International Financing Institutions
- INP Institute for Nature Protection of the Republic of Serbia
- IPCM Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments of the Republic of Serbia
- MoAEP Ministry of Agriculture and Environmental Protection
- MoT Ministry of Transport (fmr. Ministry of Infrastructure and Energy MolE)
- PERS Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia"
- PSC Project Supervision Consultant
- RE Resident Engineer
- RRSP Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project
- SE Site Engineer
- SLMP Safety Labour Management Plan
- SSIP Site Specific Implementation Plan
- WB The World Bank Group
- WMP Waste Management Plan
- PAP Project affected persons
- SEP Stakeholder Engagement Plan
- NTS Non Technical Summary

INTRODUCTION

This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) has been prepared for heavy maintenance (road rehabilitation-upgrading) of the State Road of the IB Category No. 35, section Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište), to ensure application of the good environmental practice and document compliance with the requirements of the International Financing Institutions (IFIs) which will finance Serbian Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project (RRSP). This Section, length 24.222 km long, chainage Zaječar 5 km 128+476.60 and chainage Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište) km 152+254.81. The Project has been classified as Environmental Category B. i.e. a project requiring an EMP pursuant to IFIs Safeguard Policies.

Heavy maintenance (road rehabilitation-upgrading) os site road IB 35, Section Zaječar 5 - Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište), L =24.222km

The Project Proponent is the Government of Serbia, acting through its Ministry of Agriculture and Environmental Protection (MoAEP). Project implementing entity is Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia" (PERS).

The aim of the environmental management plan is to highlight the negative environmental impacts and management problems during the construction works execution, as well as the necessary mitigation measures that the Contractor must apply. The key components of the Environmental Management Plan are: Plan for the mitigation of adverse impacts on the environment and Plan for monitoring the impact on the environment.

Project will comply with Serbian legislation, procedures and policies, international conventions and IFIs safeguard policies.

This site specific EMP is focusing more on heavy maintenance, as it will become part of the respective Contract for the implementation of civil works. The activities related to subsequent regular maintenance of this section are not the main focus of this EMP, but are presented here with for the purpose of completeness.

The preparation of this EMP was undertaken through a desk study and field investigations, including consultations with regional level representatives and local stakeholders. The EMP is based primarily on field investigations performed during April and June 2016.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Project description

The Republic of Serbia has applied for financing the *"Road Rehabilitation Project"* by the World Bank, the European Investment Bank and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development. A part of the funding is directed to for heavy

maintenance (road rehabilitation-upgrading) of the State Road of the IB Category No. 35, section Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište), (picture 1 and picture 2).

Proposed road section is located in East Serbia, Zaječar Administrative District, and it goes through City Zaječar and Municipality of Knjaževac.



Picture 1. Start of the section - Village Vratarnica

Picture 2. End of the section – Gornje Zuniče

The following settlements are located along the section in the area city of Zaječar (Vratarnica i Mali Izvor) and two settlements in the municipality of Knjaževac (Minićevo i Gornje Zuniče). The of road route partly follows the river Beli TImok.

The road works covered by the Project will be carried out on the existing road with no change of the alignments of the existing road. The project entails no resettlement and land acquisition as defined by OP 4.12, nor long lasting disruptions to the natural environment and human settlements and activities. More details about this are available in Project's Resettlement Policy Framework.

Policy, legal and administrative framework

The Ministry of Agriculture and Environmental Protection (MoAEP), is the key institution in the Republic of Serbia responsible for formulation and implementation of environmental policy matters.

The environmental legislation currently in force in Republic of Serbia is summarized in Appendix III.

In the Republic of Serbia, the Environmental Impact Assessment procedure is regulated by the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment, which is completely in line with European EIA Directive - 85/337/EEC. Therefore Environmental Impact Assessment is not required for road rehabilitation projects unless theirs alignment is placed within or in the vicinity of natural/cultural protected areas.

Based on the decision issued by the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia (Appendix V –Conditions from Relevan Public Institutions), section Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 12 (Trgovište) is not located within a protected area which is implemented or initiated the process of protection.

Under the terms issued by the Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments "Niš" (Appendix V – Conditions from Relevan Public Institutions), there are no registered archaeological sites or cultural monuments. Within the conditions, the archaeological sites are listed, monuments and goods that are in the vicinity, but they are not under the influence of works on heavy maintenance of the road and the elimination of the damage.

Lender requirements will also apply to this project and include the following Environmental Policies

- Operational Policy OP 4.01 Environmental Assessment;
- EBRD Environmental and Social Policy 2008
- EIB Statement of Environmental and Social Principles and Standards (2008).

The World Bank, EBRD and EIB will require that the project complies with the Republic of Serbia national laws and EU standards.

Baseline conditions assessed during route survey

Directly on the alignment of the road Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 12 (Trgovište) there are no protected natural or cultural resources, which could be compromised during the heavy maintenance and elimination of damages at the road. In Terms published by the Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments "Niš" (the number of the decision) the archaeological sites are listed, as well as the

monuments and registered goods that are nearby, it is allowed to perform maintenance works and elimination of the damages at the state road.

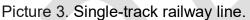
During the Project implementation, there will be no land acquisition, as defined by OP 4.12.

The road on a short distance passes along the shore of Beli Timok river in which six small watercourses flows into. These six watercourses are intersected by alignment of the road in several places: Maloizviorska river, Selačka river, river Klisura, Jelašnička river and Sinja river.

Drainage of the road is provided in both directions, transverse (to the gutters, through the shoulders to sewers or along the slopes of the embankment) and longitudinal (to the gutters and drainage channels and culverts). Based on the measurements of the Agency for Environmental Protection of Serbia from 2013, River Beli Timok belongs to the III class of water quality, which means that on the basis of the limit values of the quality elements provides conditions for the functioning of ecosystems, life and protection of fish and can be used for drinking water supply with pre-treatment filtration and disinfection, swimming and recreation, irrigation and industrial use. Due to the nature of road rehabilitation works of the watercourses will not be affected by the works through the implementation of good construction management practices.

In the project area there is a Single-track railway line: Niš/Crveni Krst-Knjaževac-Zaječar-Prahovo Prsitanište (Picture 3).





The railway is not electrified and it presents a source of pollutants to the atmosphere. According to the current timetable, 5 /five/ pairs of local passenger trains and 5 /five/ pairs of freight trains, of which one pair is international, run this railway. Therefore, due to the small number of trains the impact of the railway on the air quality is minimal.

For the study area, there are no additional industrial facilities that would cause an increase in the level of concentration of pollutants in the atmosphere.

Current traffic load (AADT) on section: Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište) is 2505 vehicles/day.

There are two dominant noise sources on proposed road section Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište): the existing road as linear source and the existing single-track railway line.

Summary of environmental impacts

The possible temporary impacts as consequence of the construction activities will consist of, among others, disruption of current traffic circulation, roadway safety, damage to access roads, dust nuisance, and gaseous emissions, potential pollution of soils and water resources, brief disturbance to biota, and momentary interference to neighbouring settlements through various operation activities. Offsite activities include quarry, borrow pit and asphalt plant operations, which if not managed properly, may cause localized adverse impacts. The Contractor's yard and workers' camp can be potential sources of temporary adverse impacts.

No relocation and resettlement issues are anticipated.

In respect to future use of the heavy maintenance road section - this section belongs to network of remote interregional roads on which significant increase of road traffic as a result of rehabilitation works is not expected. In respect to impact of the potential increase of the vehicle speed on rehabilitated roads, this issue will be addressed through the project's road safety component, which will include implementation of the active and passive measures to control the vehicle speed on rehabilitated road sections.

Local residents will be affected with air and noise pollution during the heavy maintenance road, works on proposed road section.

Various cases of water contamination can occur during the heavy maintenance of the road and future operation. Wastewater discharged during the works can jeopardize the quality of the surface and underground water. Adequate mitigation measures and monitoring activities are planned, in accordance with the Law on Water ("Official Gazette of RS", No.30/10, 93/12). As for the potential pollution during operation, these are limited to accidents only. In such a case, procedures for action in incidental situations, as defined by the Ministry of Interior and in the Water Law, will apply.

Due to the existence of a single-track railway line, as well as the potential construction and operation of new facilities, there is a possibility of the resulting cumulative impacts that will not significantly affect the environment. Most important cumulative impacts are noise and air pollution.

The proper implementation of the EMP measures, as listed in Appendix I (Mitigation plan) would offset or minimize any impact on local human and biotic environment that might be related with any long-term cumulative negative effects.

Environmental Management Plan

Possible environmental impacts will be mitigated during the design/prerehabilitation, rehabilitation, and operation Phases, as summarized in the Environmental Management Plan as shown in Appendix I.

A basic assessment of the proposed road rehabilitation project concluded that the rehabilitation impacts will be minor, reversible and manageable if the mitigation measures as given in the EMP are properly implemented. The EMP consist 3 parts: Mitigation Plan (Appendix I), Monitoring Plan (Appendix II) and Institutional arrangements and reporting procedures (Appendix IV).

Before commencing the work, the Contractor will prepare a Contractor's Environmental Plan (CEP). During the rehabilitation, the Contractor will work according to the requirements of the Contractor's Environmental Plan (based on the EMP). The CEP will amplify how the Contractor will address the activities in the rehabilitation section of the EMP. The contractor will submit the CEP to the PERS for approval.

The findings and proposed mitigation measures have been compiled into the Mitigation Plan (Appendix I). It summarizes all the anticipated environmental impacts and its associated mitigation measures during the design, rehabilitation and operational phases. It makes reference to the laws and contract documents, approximate location, timeframe, and the responsibility for its implementation and supervision.

It is the Contractor's obligation to cost implementation of environmental mitigation measures in his overall cost. The Contractor will be required to provide a short statement that confirms that:

- the EMP conditions have been costed into the bid price,
- the Contractor has a qualified and experienced person on the Contractor's team who will be responsible for the environmental compliance requirements of the EMP
- the Contractor and its sub-contractors will comply with Republic of Serbia national laws, EU standards and Lender requirements.

PERS will build fines and penalties for any non-compliance into contracts, and enforce them.

A Monitoring Plan for the proposed Project (Appendix II) has been prepared. The main components of the monitoring plans are the following:

- Environmental issues to be monitored and the means of verification,
- Specific areas, locations and parameters to be monitored;
- Applicable standards and criteria;
- Duration and frequency and
- Institutional responsibilities for monitoring and supervision.

Stakeholder engagement - Information disclosure, consultations and public participation

As required by IFIs Safeguards Policies, public consultations will be undertaken during the preparation of EMP. The EMP was disclosed to the Public in accordance with the World Bank OP 4.01 and was available locally to the communities at the PERS office and Community centres.

PERS took the views of stakeholders (affected groups, local NGOs see Appendix 4 for the project stakeholder list) fully into account in project design and implementation. This process is important in order to understand both the nature and extent of any social or environmental impact and the acceptability of proposed mitigation measures, particularly to affected groups. Consultations were a way to improve decision making, to obtain feedback on the EMP process and to increase community cooperation in implementing the project.

In order for meaningful consultations to take place between the PERS and affected groups and local NGOs, PERS provided information prior to consultations. The information was provided in a timely manner and in a form that was meaningful for, and accessible to, the groups being consulted.

Stakeholders will be consulted on the detailed design and in particular project affected people who live locally who may be affected by changes to access arrangements (permanently or temporarily).

PERS will maintain a grievance procedure for the project which will be publicly available (see Appendix 4).

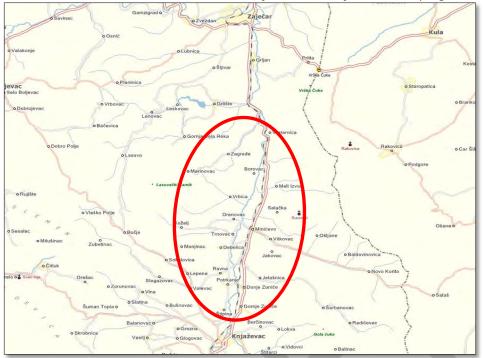
1. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Republic of Serbia has applied for financing the Road Rehabilitation Project by the World Bank, the European Investment Bank and the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development. A part of the funding is directed to heavy maintenance (road rehabilitation-upgrading) and repair of damage of the state road IB category no. 35 Section: Zaječar 5 - Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište) 24.222 km long. The present project is part of the rehabilitation and improvement of road safety (Road Rehabilitation and Safety Project – RRSP).

Location Description

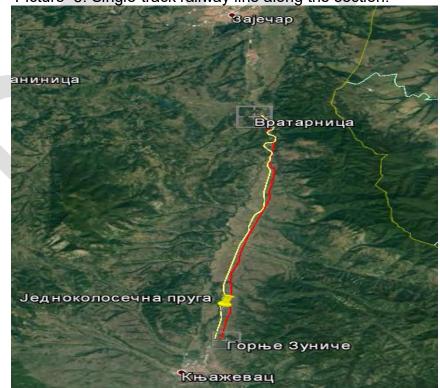
Proposed road section is located in the eastern Serbia, and belongs to the Administrative District of Zajecar. It passes through City Zajecar and Knjaževac municipal territories (Figure 4). It belongs to the state road IB category, no. 35. The start chainage is on km 128 + 476.60 (Zaječar 5), and the final chainage on km 152+254.81 (Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište).

The following settlements are located along the section: Vratarnica, Mali Izvor, Minićevo i Gornje Zuniče.



Picture 4. Location of road section: Zaječar 5 - Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište)

Along the section, there are: Single-track railway line: Niš/Crveni Krst-Knjaževac-Zaječar-Prahovo Pristaništre (Picture 5.).



Picture 5. Single-track railway line along the section.

This road section intersects 6 rivers: Beli Timok River, Maloizvorsku river, Selačku river, river Klisura, Sinju river and Jelašničku river, as well as numerous smaller watersources.

Current situation of precipitation drainage of the road is by free spilling over shoulders, swelling to the side ditches, over embankments across the moat and longitudinally through the gutters and ditches to the culvert. Based on the terms of reference, and a given traffic load, it is not intended to construct a closed drainage system. Existing situation of drainage system requires thorough cleaning of ditches and culverts of accumulated waste and vegetation. As for the potential pollution during operation, these are limited to accidents only. In such a case, procedures for action in incidental situations, as defined by the Ministry of Interior and in the Water Law, will apply.

Rehabilitation works description

The newly designed road in situational and longitudinal monitoring is following the existing conditions. The major works include removal of the existing pavement, construction of new asphalt layers, construction of shoulders by using gabions, cleaning of the existing culverts, construction of new bus stops, sidewalks and connections to categorized and uncategorized local roads and construction of individual household connections. The works also include the restoration of bridges in terms of removing excess layers and repairing of concrete and reinforcement as needed.

School zone will be properly marked: horizontal signs (tamper tape and signs on the roadway) and vertical signs (speed limit, notification about the schools zone area and columns preventing the children to run out onto the road).

The project entails no resettlement and land acquisition, nor long lasting disruptions to the natural environment and human settlements and activities.

2. POLICY, LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE FRAMEWORKS

Relevant Institutions

Ministry in charge of environmental protection (The Ministry of Agriculture, and Environmental Protection) is the key institution in Republic of Serbia responsible for formulation and implementation of environmental policy matters.

The other aspects of environmental management related to road rehabilitation projects are dealt with several other institutions, among which are the Institute for Nature Protection of Serbia (INP) and the Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments of the Republic of Serbia (IPCM), and the Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia" (PERS).

Existing Serbian legislation

Environmental protection in Republic of Serbia is regulated by several national and municipal laws and by-laws. The environmental legislation in force in Serbia is summarized in Appendix III.

EIA procedure in the Republic of Serbia

In the juridical system of the Republic of Serbia, the Environmental Impact Assessment procedure is regulated by the Law on Environmental Impact Assessment, which is completely in line with European EIA Directive -85/337/EEC. Therefore Environmental Impact Assessment is not required for road rehabilitation projects unless theirs alignment is placed within or in the vicinity of natural/cultural protected areas. In that case Project proponent is obliged to submit Request for Decision-making on the necessity of preparation of the Environmental Impact Assessment to the MoAEP. Depending on assessment of significance of potential environmental impacts of project it could be decided that it is necessary to implement full EIA procedure for that kind of projects.

Based on the above criteria, the project does not require EIA.

Relevant International Financing Institutions Policies and Statements

As the road rehabilitation will be funded by International Financing Institutions (IFIs) the following Lender requirements will need to be applied to the any works:

- WB: Operational Policy OP 4.01 Environmental Assessment, which require partial EIA and development of site specific EMPs for projects belonging to Category B.;
- EBRD: Environmental and Social Policy 2008
- EIB: Statement of Environmental and Social Principles and Standards (2008).

EBRD and EIB will require that the project complies with the Republic of Serbia national laws and EU standards.

As a conclusion, it could be stated that GoS regulations do not require separate section-specific EMP to be undertaken for this type of investments (road rehabilitation), while the WB policy requires partial EIA assessment and preparation of site-specific EMP for each section.

3. BASELINE CONDITIONS ASSESSED DURING ROUTE SURVEY

Road section Zaječar 5 - Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište) in the length of 24.222 km goes through the of City Zaječar and Municipality Knjaževac.

Within road section there are no protected natural or cultural areas which could be impacted by the road heavy maintenance works. There will be no land acquisition as defined by OP 4.12 during the project implementation.

Natural resources and cultural heritage

Directly on the alignment of the road Zaječar 5 - Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište) there are no protected natural or cultural resources, which could be compromised during the heavy maintenance and elimination of damages at the road. In Terms published by the Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments "Niš" (the number of the decision **manned**) the archaeological sites are listed, as well as the monuments and registered goods that are nearby, and according to the protection of immovable cultural property, it is allowed to perform maintenance works and elimination of the damages at the state road.

Settlements

The following settlements are located along the section: Vratarnica, Malki Izvor, Minićevo I Gornje Zuniče.

Vratarnica is a rural village "road type" on the trace of alluvial plain of Beli Timok and a single-track railway line with the surrounding hilly terrain (Figure 6). According to the 2011 census, the village has 457 residents and 199 household number of floors GF to P+2. In the close vicinity of the road, a four-year Primary school is situated (Figure 7). At a greater distance from the route local office, St. Archangel Gabriel church, and cemetery are located.



Picture 6. Village Vratarnica.

Picture 7. Primary school in village Vratarnica.



Mali Izvor is a scattered village engaged in fruit growing and cattle breeding (Figure 8). It comprises 146 household number of floors GF to P+2 and 372 residents. Four-grade Primary school is located on a greater distance from the road.

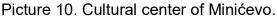




Borough Minićevo is located along the road Zaječar - Knjaževac, on the right bank of the river Klisura. This settlement is of compact type. It is divided into two parts by the road: eastern (larger) and western (smaller). The village has 779 inhabitants and 257 household number of floors GF to P +2. In the close vicinity of the road eight-year Primary school, Cultural centre, church, and infirmary are located (Picture No 9, No.10 and No. 11),

Picture 9. Elementary school in Minićevo







Picture 11. Church in Minićevu



Gornje Zuniče is a farming and fruit village along the road Zaječar - Knjaževac (Figure 12). According to the 2011 census in live 420 inhabitants in 137 households number of floors GF to P +2. At a greater distance from the route is cetvororazredna primary school, Church of St. Peter and the cemetery. The main market products are grapes, corn and wheat.

Picture 12. Village Gornje Zuniče



Watercourses

There are on the road 10 /ten/ bridges on proposed road section, of which 6 via waterflow. There are ten bridges on proposed road section.

Bridge No.	chainage (km)	length (m)	river
1	130 + 96.59	79	Beli Timok
2	137+253.18	15	Maloizvorska river
3	139+739.95	20	Selačka river
4 (Picture 13)	142+540.24	20	The river Klisura
5	146+757.54	58	Jelašnilka river
6 (Picture 14)	152+012.85	20	Sinja river

Picture 13. Bridge over the river Klisura



Picture 14. Bridge over the Sinje river



On the alignment of the road there are several culverts for occasional torrential streams.

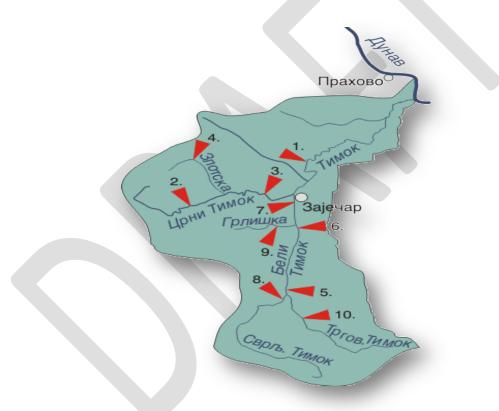
Beli Timok river (Figure 13) belongs to the Beli Timok basin, and is formed by the Svrljiški and Trgoviški Timok near Knjaževac. From that point, it flows towards the north, parallel to the Serbia– Bulgaria border on the east and mountain Tupižnica on the west. Near the town of Zaječar, Beli Timok merges with the Crni Timok and together they form Veliki Timok river (=Timok river) (Figure 14). The total length of Beli Timok is 49 km (including 115 km of Svrljiški Timok). Beli Timok drainage basin covers an area 1,096 square kilometers. River valley is large and densely populated, with maximum width exceeding 1 500 m. River forms meanders, which slow down the water course and cause overflow of water after snow melting and after heavy rains. Near Vratnica village, river Timok runs through 5 km long and a 190 m deep gorge, which is the border between Knjazevac basin on the south and Zajecar basin on the north. The river network in the basin of Beli Timok is dense and comprises the area of 873 m/km². However, a large number of tributaries dry out during the summer period. Among these are Jelašnička reka river, river Klisura, Selačka, Grilška, and Lubnica river.

Picture 13. Beli Timok River

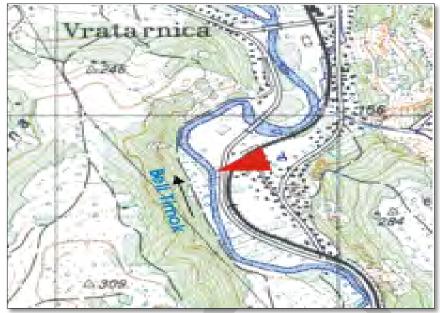
State Road of the IB Class, No. 35, Section: Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište), Environmental Management Plan – EMP, DRAFT



Picture 14. Beli Timok basin



Based on the data of the Agency for Environmental Protection from 2013, measuring station "Vratarnica" (Figure 15), Beli Timok river is of a Class III. This means that this river provides the suitable conditions for fish and can be used as a source of drinking water after the pre-treatment with coagulation, flocculation, filtration and disinfection. It can be used for swimming and recreation, irrigation, and industrial use. Due to the nature of the rehabilitation of the road, with good construction practices, there will be no negative impact on water courses.



Picture15. Point of measurement for surface water: "VRATARNICA"

Air

In the alignment of the road sections there is a only one point of air pollution, nonelectrified single-track railway line. At the Contractor's to decide whether to use the railways to transport materials for construction.

In the target area there are no other industrial plants that affect air pollution. PERS will monitor all Contractors activities, including possession of valid working permits and environmental approvals for all subcontractors.

Data on the measured values of air pollution in the observed corridor were not available.

Based on experience and expected traffic load the urgent road maintenance works, and operation of road after rehabilitation will not increase existing levels of air pollutants within the corridor of proposed road section.

Roads and Railways

On the observed section there is an intersection the State road II B category No. 1212 with Railways and numerous approaches to municipal roads, unclassified roads and streets.

Noise

Based on experience and expected traffic load the planned road heavy maintenance works, and operation of road after rehabilitation will not increase existing levels of noise within the corridor of proposed road section.

4. SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

The following table provides a summary of the Environmental Impacts that are predicted for the project impact	significance	comment
impacts on land use/ settlements	low	No land acquisition is planned within the project
ground and surface water	low	Due to low amount of drainage water that can be drained into Beli Timok River, the consequential impact is minimal to negligible
air quality	low	Temporary impact
flora and fauna (protected areas and species)	low	According to the recommendations presented in the framework of the conditions obtained by the Institute for Nature Protection.
noise	low	Temporary impact
access/crossing points of the main road and local roads	low	The rehabilitation works won't affect existing crossing points.
soil management	low	With the application of appropriate measures of waste management.
waste	low	Ensured through environmental management - <u>waste and wastewater</u> <u>management plan</u> will be prepared and implemented
cumulative impacts etc.	Medium/ low	Temporary, rehabilitation works may cause a slight increase of noise levels and air pollutants concentrations during the works only

Works on heavy maintenance road on proposed section Zaječar 5 - Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište) will have only minor impacts on the environment (environmental category B). Most of the impacts are of temporary character and they disappear after the road rehabilitation works are completed.

In respect to future use of the rehabilitated road section - this section belongs to the local and regional roads network, on which significant increase of road traffic as a result of rehabilitation works is not expected. In respect to impact of the potential increase of the vehicle speed on rehabilitated roads, this issue will be addressed through the project's road safety component, which will include implementation of the active and passive measures to control the vehicle speed on rehabilitated road sections. The possible temporary impacts as consequence of the construction activities will consist of among others: disruption of current traffic circulation; roadway safety; damage to access roads; noise, waste and dust nuisance; and air emissions; potential impacts of soils and water resources; brief disturbance to biota, and momentary interference to neighbouring settlements through various construction and operation activities. Off-site activities include quarry, borrow pit and asphalt plant operations, which if not managed properly, may cause localized adverse impacts. The Contractor's yard and workers' camp can be potential sources of temporary adverse impacts.

This site specific EMP is focusing more on the heavy maintenance phase of the selected investment, as it will become part of the respective Contract for the implementation of civil works, and as such, the future contractor's obligation. The activities related to subsequent regular maintenance of this section are not the main focus of this EMP, but bare presented herewith for the purpose of completeness.

Air and noise pollution within the residential areas

It is expected that local residents will be affected with air and noise pollution during heavy maintenance works on proposed road section. Local Air quality may experience some moderate and temporary deterioration due to dust from construction traffic and elevated levels of nitrogen oxide (NOx) and sulphur oxide (SOx) from construction equipment exhaust are the primary pollutants. The dust may settle on vegetation, crops, structures and buildings, and may cause some degree of impact.

Noise caused by the rehabilitation works will be only a temporary impact. Relatively small traffic load on proposed road lead to the conclusion that noise barriers will not be implemented within this project.

Potential water contamination

Cases of water contamination may occur during the heavy maintenance of the project road from site run off, spills and -water from the equipment maintenance areas and sanitary wastewater effluent from the work camps.

As for the potential pollution during operation, these are limited to accidents only. In such a case, procedures for action in incidental situations, as defined by the Ministry of Interior and in the Water Law, will apply.

Fuel and lubricant spills can, in most instances, occur at the Contractor's work camp and motorpool while maintaining and washing equipment and work vehicles. The oily wash-water should be passed through an adequately sized, gravity oil separator prior to discharge.

Should spills occur in any part of the road, especially where the rivers are closest to the road, to mitigate the problem the Contractor should use absorbing materials, such as absorbent mats/fabrics, or sand and scrape off the contaminated soils and dispose them in approved facility, in accordance with the Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", No. $30/10 \ \mu \ 93/12$).

Potential Cumulative impacts

The works execution on the heavy maintenance of the state road IB 35, on the section Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 1 (Trgovište) could have some cumulative impacts that are temporary (noise, air pollution, water and soil).

At the observed area, the potential sources of environmental pollution are rehabilitated road section and single-track railway line Niš/Crveni Krst - Knjaževac-Zaječar - OPrahovo Pristanište. Proper application of the Environmental Management Plan would minimize any negative impact on people and the biotope, which could be associated with negative long-term cumulative effects. If the foreseen protection measures are conducted, the cumulative impact will be minimal.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Possible environmental impacts will be mitigated during the design/prerehabilitation, rehabilitation, and operation phases, as summarized in the Environmental Management Plan.

A basic assessment of the proposed road rehabilitation project concluded that the rehabilitation impacts will be minor, reversible and manageable if the mitigation measures as given in the EMP are properly implemented. The EMP (Appendix I and Appendix II) is based on the type, extent and duration of the identified environmental impacts. Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia" (PERS, the Implementing Agency) will monitor the design and supervision engineers and Contractors on the implementation of the EMP.

A. MITIGATION PLAN

The findings and proposed mitigation measures have been compiled into an Environmental Mitigation Plan (Appendix I). It summarizes all the anticipated environmental impacts and its associated mitigation measures during the design, rehabilitation and operational phases. It makes reference to the law and contract documents, approximate location, timeframe, and the responsibility for its implementation and supervision.

Contractor Management

The recommendations and proposed mitigation measures are shown in Appendix I. Mitigation measures will be incorporated as part of the standard design and rehabilitation practices and as such their costs will be included in the rehabilitation cost.

Experience shows that inadequate application of the EMP by the Contractor may occur due to weak linkages of the EMP with the contract documents. The EMP is a part of the work program and as such it must be addressed by the Contractor and carried out as required.

The contractor will use this document to cost his compliance with the EMP. It is the Contractor's obligation to cost the implementation of environmental mitigation measures in his overall cost. The Contractor will be required to provide a short statement that confirms that:

- the EMP conditions have been costed into the bid price,
- the Contractor has a qualified and experienced person on the Contractor's team who will be responsible for the environmental compliance requirements of the EMP.
- The Contractor and its sub-contractors will comply with Republic of Serbia national laws, EU standards and Lender requirements.

Design Phase

Mitigation measures will be incorporated as part of the standard design and rehabilitation practices and as such their costs will be included in the rehabilitation cost.

Site Organization Plan

The plan of construction site organization is the responsibility of the Contractor and the obligation is to comply with it and treat it.

The respective section is not located within the protected area which it is implemented or initiated the process of protection for, nor in the coverage area of the ecological network. Accordingly, the Office for Environmental Protection has issued the requirements relating to the organization of the site (Appendix V) and which must be taken into account for the plans production for the organization of construction.

Preparation of site and establishment of contractor's facilities: This applies to all of the Contractor's facilities, storage areas, workshops, labour camps (when needed), concrete batching areas, asphalt plant, etc. The location and development of the Contractors facilities will be approved by the Resident Engineer (RE).

Taking into account the conditions of nature protection, legislation and environmental requirements when choosing a location and organization of the construction site, as well as during the actual construction, it must comply with the following:

- Temporary location for storing the necessary construction and other material and equipment is needed to be located outside the space with tall vegetation and Rivers (the river Beli Timok, the Maloizvorska river, the Selacka river, the Jelašnicka river, the Sinje river and river Klisura) flooding zones, and limited only to the duration of the works execution;
- 2. Provide temporary or permanent locations (existing regulated utility facilities/landfills) for disposal of service rubble and other waste material in any state, and municipal waste generated during the construction. Restrict

storage / disposal in coastal area of the Beli Timok River, as well as other smaller watercourses of a temporary nature, as well as on agricultural land;

- 3. Provide after completion of the works that all areas which are in any way degraded by construction works should be as soon as possible remedied;
- 4. During the works execution, strictly observe the planned alignment and corridor around it, in order to the earthworks and the use of machines would not leave consequences on the environment;
- When performing the construction works on the alignment of the road which is right next to the all Rivers, it should be predicted the maximum preservation of the coastline and coastal vegetation, wild species and their habitats;
- 6. Prohibit the servicing of machinery and vehicles along the road alignment. In case of accidental spills of fuel, oils/lubricants and other harmful substances, the surface must be repaired and reset;
- 7. In the zone of transition of the road (bridge) over the watercourses (the river Beli Timok, the Maloizvorska river, the Selacka river, the Jelašnicka river, the Sinje river and the river Klisura), where the arrangement is necessary, the project/the design should foresee the usage of stone and other natural materials and largely avoid concreting of coast and riverbeds of the watercourses;
- 8. Prohibit the servicing of machinery and vehicles along the road alignment. In case of accidental spills of fuel, oils / lubricants and other harmful substances, the surface must be repaired and reset;
- The respective construction works on the road alignment that passes through the populated places should be executed only during the daylight because of the potential impact of noise from construction equipment and vehicles;
- 10. Envisage the setting up of the protective fences and pedestrian crossings and passages at the places where it is most appropriate, especially on the locations near existing settlements;
- 11. During the construction along the whole alignment it should be maintained the maximum level of communal hygiene. Define locations for containers for temporary storage of waste;
- 12. The size of contractor's facilities are limited to absolute minimum to reduce unnecessary clearing of vegetation.
- 13. The contractor's facilities are to be contained within an adequate security fence.
- 14. The sites are properly drained. Paved areas, including vehicle parking areas, workshops and fuel storage areas are to drain to an oil and water separator.
- 15. Sanitary waste and grey waters are treated before release into surface water systems, in accordance with the Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", No. 101/2005, 30/2010 and 93/2012,).
- 16. Fuel storage areas are not located within 20m of a water course.
- 17. Where fuel in excess of 5,000 litres is stored on site, it will be stored in sealed tanks on a concrete base that is bunded to hold 110% of the tank capacity.
- 18. All workshops would be provided with oil and water separators.
- 19. The contractor must have trained personnel who are competent in fuel handling procedures and for cleaning up accidental spills.

- 20. All waste oil, oil and fuel filters will be collected and disposed of in secure landfill areas. At the closure of the site, all contaminated soil will be excavated, removed and replaced with fresh topsoil;
- 21. Cleared material is to be piled into manageable sized heaps according to disposal or re-use requirements.
- 22. Limit the extent of excavation to reduce soil erosion potential. The contractor will be responsible for ensuring that the erosion is contained by soil conservation protection methods.
- 23. Apply soil conservation protection methodology to susceptible areas to prevent / minimize storm water runoff carrying eroded materials off-site.
- 24. Avoid excavation and operating machinery in wet ground conditions.
- 25. Upon the completion of all works, it is necessary to remove the machinery, construction materials, containers, spare parts and others. equipment, as soon as possible;
- 26. After the completion of all works, it is required to cultivate the ground at all vulnerable areas by using the appropriate flora and species that are biologically stable under the given climatic conditions, resistant to adverse impacts (exhaust gases) and compatible with the surrounding area and purpose;

PE "Roads of Serbia" is obliged to check through the engaged consultant for monitoring/supervision whether the requirements of the environmental management plan and management safety organization plan are implemented at the site.

Mobilisation – Contractor EMP

During the rehabilitation, the Contractor will work according to the requirements of the Contractor's Environmental Plan (CEP) (based on the EMP) which has been prepared by the Contractor and approved by PERS. Supervision and monitoring of the CEP activities will be undertaken as follows:

- The contractor has the initial responsibility for preparing and implementing the CEP as per the works contract.
- The Resident Engineer (RE) will direct the Contractor with regard to compliance with the CEP.
- The PERS will carry out independent monitoring of the work and can issue Defect Notices to the RE who will transmit these to the Contractor.
- The contractor will have his own representative on site the Site Engineer (SE) who will be responsible for implementing the contract and complying with the CEP.

Before commencing the work, the Contractor will prepare a Contractor's Environmental Plan (CEP) that addresses the conditions of the rehabilitation in the EMP that has been attached to Contract Documents including measures to comply with national legalisation and Lender requirements.

The CEP will detail how the Contractor will address the activities in the rehabilitation section of the EMP. The contractor will submit the CEP to the PERS for approval.

Following the approval of the CEP, the Contractor together with the person on the Contractor's staff who will be responsible for supervising the CEP will meet the

Project Supervision Consultant PSC (Environment) on-site. If the plan is appropriate and implementable, the PSC will advise the PE that the Contractor can now commence work.

Works on urgent maintenance and damage repair

Technical specifications for work execution which address environmental, health and safety protection measures:

- 1. Preliminary works
- 2. Rehabilitation works on the existing pavement
- 3. Earth works
- 4. Drainage
- 5. Traffic signage systems

Environmental Management during urgent maintenance works

Considering all the identified impacts, it becomes essential for the Contractor to prepare and later conscientiously implement the EMP throughout the duration of the project to ensure compliance with legislative and Lender requirements. The emphasis of the EMP shall be on the following:

- <u>Layout of the work camp</u> and details of the proposed measures to address adverse environmental impacts resulting from its installation. Description and layout of equipment maintenance areas and lubricant and fuel storage facilities including distance from water sources/bodies;
- <u>Sewage and septage management plan</u> for provision of sanitary latrines and proper sewage collection and disposal system to prevent pollution of watercourses
- A plan (<u>mechanism and organizational structure</u>) detailing the means by which local people and other project affected persons (PAP) can raise grievances arising from the rehabilitation process and how these will be addressed (e.g., through dialogues, consultations, etc.) (see Appendix 4 for the Project grievance mechanism).
- <u>Soil Management Plan</u> detailing measures to be undertaken to minimize effects of wind and water erosion on stockpiles, measures to minimize loss of fertility of topsoil, timeframes, haul routes and disposal site;
- <u>Dust management plan</u> which shall include schedule for water spraying on access road and in nearby settlements along the project road, as well as list of equipment to be used; this applies to all of construction sites and haul roads. During rehabilitation, when dust may be generated, the Contractor will monitor the worksite conditions and apply dust control measures, which include reducing construction traffic movements and spraying water on exposed areas.
- <u>A plan indicating the location of the proposed material extraction site</u> as well as rehabilitation measures to be implemented for the borrow areas and access roads upon project completion;
- <u>Waste and wastewater management plan</u>. Disposal of waste materials: All construction waste materials including drums, lumber, sand and gravel, cement bags etc. are to be suitably disposed of. If these cannot be recovered for scrap value these materials should be taken to an approved landfill sites for safe

disposal. Hazardous waste will be stored and removed from the construction site on demobilization, in accordance with the Law on Waste management ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09 and 88/2010) The Contractor's SSIP should cover all aspects of waste management, including implementation of practice standards such as reduce, re-use and recycle.

- The Waste Management Plan will, as a minimum, include details of temporary waste storage, waste transfer and pre-treatment prior to final disposal or recycling. Licensed/approved facilities for solid and liquid waste disposal must be used and a duty of care and chain of custody for all waste leaving the site will be followed. As part of the plan Contractors will be expected to produce waste handling forms for chain of custody, which will be used to control waste leaving site. Thus the waste controller will keep a copy of the form and the driver will always carry a copy and will ensure that the load is signed for at the final disposal site. All records will be kept by the Contractor for audit purposes and to demonstrate that the project is complying with best practice and applicable legislation.
- <u>Oil and fuel storage management plan</u>. The Contractor's SSIP should cover all procedures for storage, transportation and usage of oils and fuels, refuelling of plant and machinery and procedures for minimizing the risk of ground and water contamination. All oils and fuels will be required to be stored within secondary containment of 110 % capacity and all spillages shall be cleaned up immediately. Re-fuelling vehicles will carry Spill Kits to enable spillages to be cleaned up as soon as possible. All categories of spillage will be reported in accordance with the Plan to be developed by The Contractor. Toolbox Talks would be expected to be delivered on an ongoing basis as "continued training" and following any significant incident.
- <u>In-river works management plan</u>. The Contractor's SSIP should cover procedures and plans for safeguarding aquatic habitats and fish during in-river work (Beli Timok River and smaller rivers) and will complement the Construction Method Statements.
- <u>Camp management plan</u>. The Contractor's SSIP should contain procedures for establishing and operating construction camps in order to safeguard nearby communities and environmental resources.
- <u>Emergency response plan</u>. The Contractor's SSIP should contain procedures for emergency response in the event of accidents or major incidents, in order to safeguard people, property and environmental resources. Details of the spill response equipment to be provided on site are to be specified.
- <u>Noise all equipment is licenses and approved in accordance with EU standards.</u> This applies to all machinery, vehicles and construction sites where noise and vibration may affect susceptible receptors. The contractor will be responsible for ensuring that noise and vibration does not affect the adjacent communities, in accordance with the Law on noise protection ("Official Gazette of RS", No. 36/09 and 88/2010). While it is unlikely that noise and vibration will be an issue due to the large distances between the activities and the communities the Contractor will confine all work to daylight hours (07:00hrs 19:00hrs) should the community find that any night time operations become a nuisance.
- <u>Rehabilitation Plan:</u> Clearance and rehabilitation of construction sites and removal of contractor's facilities: It is the contractor the Contractor's responsibility to address site clean-up. This includes the removal of all waste

materials, machinery and any contaminated soil. The contractor will develop a plan for handover, sale or removal of all plant, vehicles and machinery to ensure that no unserviceable items are left on the construction site, in accordance with the Law on Waste management ("Official Gazette of RS", no. 36/09 and 88/10). All construction sites and work areas will be rehabilitated so that these can be returned as close as possible to their previous uses. This includes the stabilization and landscaping of all of the construction sites. No waste will be left on site after the work is completed, in accordance with the Law on environmental protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 135/04, 36/09, 72/09). Should the Contractor fail to remove the waste, the PERS is entitled to withhold payment and arrange the clean-up and deduct the cost of the clean-up and administrative charges from the final payment.

Safety

Safety and Hazard Assessment: Before commencing work, the Contractor will be required to identify potential hazards. Provisions for emergency responses are to be included in the Contractor's site safety plan which is to include nomination of a person who will be immediately contacted should an accident occur. The site safety plan will be submitted to the PSC for approval one week prior to starting work.

- The contractor will be required to keep the site free of drugs and alcohol.
- The contractor's site safety plan will include provision for a safe work environment and provide safety measures and protective equipment to all workers including; hand, head, eye and ear protection and safety footwear.
- The site safety plan will include provision for first aid facilities on-site and employ a trained first aid person, in accordance with the Law on Safety and Health at work ("Official Gazette of RS", 101/05).
- The contractor will provide supplies of potable water, toilets and wash water to the workers.
- Safety and Labour Management Plan (SLMP), prepared by the PERS, will be consisting part of bidding documentation, in order to ensure H&S provisions during rehabilitation works.
- Contractor is obliged to perform all project activities by respecting SMP recommendations and all Serbian laws and sub-laws which are covering H&S issues.

The PERS and Contractor together have responsibility for reporting and investigating incidents.

Community safety from increased vehicle movements: This applies to all vehicles and particularly to haul trucks that pass through villages. The contractor will ensure that all vehicles which pass through villages are operated safely without endangering these communities. The contractor is to ensure that:

- all trucks and equipment is maintained in a safe operating condition,
- all drivers and machinery operators are trained and act responsibly (to be stipulated in the Contractor's site safety plan),

- all loads are secured and all loads with potential dust generating materials (e.g. excavated soil and sand) will be covered with tarpaulins,
- The Contractor will immediately remove any drivers that ignore any of the community safety requirements.
- Speed limits will be observed

Prior to commencement of construction activities/site works, all of the above plans will be submitted by the Contractor to the Sector for Investment within the PERS for approval.

Following the completion of works a Site restoration will take place. It is Contractor obligation to restore location of the project as it was at beginning of the project.

Operational Phase

People Safety: During operation, according to the assessment performed within the design phase, road safety features will include (i) measures to slow the traffic; e.g. decreasing of speed at selected places (e.g. settlements, schools, markets, etc.), (ii) dust suppression sealing, (iii) improvements in road signage and pavement markings, and (iv) attention to road accident black spots.

Road Maintenance: Routine maintenance (grading, grass cutting, drain clearing, and pothole patching and shoulder repairs, together with regular control and maintenance of drainage structures and retention) will be undertaken on regular basis. Seasonal maintenance such as flood repairs, emergency maintenance to reinstate roads after major failures, and the regular upkeep of safety features and road signs will be undertaken as necessary. Major maintenance that include resurfacing and repairs are typically scheduled over periods of several years.

B. MONITORING PLAN

A monitoring plan for the proposed Project (Appendix II) has been prepared. The main components of the monitoring plans include:

- Environmental issue to be monitored and the means of verification,
- Specific areas, locations and parameters to be monitored;
- Applicable standards and criteria;
- Monitoring of noise levels near residential areas
- Monitoring of the procurement of materials (checks that valid permits are in place)
- Duration and frequency and estimated monitoring costs; and
- Institutional responsibilities for monitoring and supervision.

A field monitoring checklist has been prepared based on the EMP and monitoring plan (Appendix II). The field monitoring checklist will be used by the supervising field engineers. The signed checklists will be provided to the PERS who will be responsible for the follow-up and compliance reporting.

The PERS will maintain a Complaints Database, which will contain all the information on complaints or grievances received from the communities or other stakeholders. This would include: the type of complaint, location, time, actions to address these complaints, and final outcome.

C. INSTITUTIONAL IMPLEMENTATION AND REPORTING

Project Implementation

Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia" is the Implementing Agency for the Project and will be responsible for the implementation and compliance with the EMP and Monitoring Plan. Day-to-day implementation and compliance will be the task of PSC.

Prior to the commencement of works PERS will submit to the Bank for its approval this section specific Environmental Management Plan.

The Contractor will provide "Zero monitoring" results prior to commencement of earth works, during its own mobilization phase.

To ensure that the proposed mitigation measures will be carried out by the Contractors during the construction stage, the Project Proponent will undertake the following:

- clearly set out in the tender and contract documents the Contractor's obligation to prepare CEP and undertake environmental mitigation measures as specified in the Environmental Mitigation Plan in Appendix I (to be appended to Contract specifications);
- No compensation for the costs of the required environmental mitigation measures and monitoring activities in the form of the particular item in the BoQ shall be given to the Contractor, except for the water guality analysis and noise measurement. It shall be regarded as if the Contractor has included these costs in the other items of the BoQ. Real expenditures of water quality analysis and noise measurement in scope defined by the BDs and the Contract shall be compensated to the Contractor in the form of the particular item in the BoQ. For noncompliance with requested environmental mitigation measures and monitoring activities the Contractor shall suffer specific liquidated damages in a form of demerit points. Demerit points are provided as a measure that should stimulate the Contractor to carry out his obligations in an organized and timely way and to perform his duty meeting high standards even though those tasks does not appear to be of a serious nature. Demerit points have in the same time two meanings numeric and monetary. Each demerit point has associated monetary value represents permanent payments reduction which for determined noncompliance of the contracted obligations. Number of received demerit points has cumulative effect. If during the Contract the Contractor receives more than certain number of demerit points specified in the BDs and the Contract, the Contractor will for a period of 2 years not be allowed to compete for any other PERS works contract. Also, if the Contractor is awarded over a specified number of demerit points, the Employer has a right to terminate the Contract. Monetary value of each demerit points as well as limits for other possible actions by the Employer shall be clearly specified in the BDs and the Contract. Application of explained two compensation for specific costs penalties measures and for noncompliance – should assure implementation of all requested environmental mitigation measures and monitoring activities, and

• Explicitly require the Contractor to recruit an environmental specialist. The contractor will be responsible for the implementation of environmental mitigation measures during construction and shall employ an environmental specialist who will supervise implementation of the Contractor's environmental responsibilities and coordinate with the PERS and MoT. The contractor, in coordination with PERS, shall set-up a grievance redress committee that will address any complaints during project implementation. During project implementation, the PERS shall monitor the compliance of the Contractor with the EMP provisions. It is proposed that the project supervision consultants (PSC) employ an environment specialist (with civil engineering/environmental management background) to assist the environmental supervision.

Upon Project completion, the PERS will be in charge of the operation and maintenance of the Project Road. Routine and random monitoring will be undertaken as scheduled in the monitoring plan.

The Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia" (PERS) is also responsible for:

- Implementation of requests for environmental protection given by:
 - Government environmental authorities and EIA document (if exists),
 - IFIs and other institutions,
 - Law on environmental protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09, 72/09),
- Implementation of requests for environmental protection through contractors specifications,
- Supervision of the project through the consulting services for supervision and implementation of the project,
- Supervision of environmental monitoring through the consulting services for environmental monitoring,
- Preparation of the final environmental reports.

Construction Contractor will make proposal for environmental protection, including safety of persons associated with the works and the public, during a preconstruction period within the Environmental Management Plan. This proposal will be reviewed by PERS in order to obtain the "no objection" to the proposal's recommendations. In this regard, attention will be given to:

- taking all reasonable steps to protect the environment on and off site and avoid damage or nuisance to persons or property arising from its operations,
- maintaining conditions of safety for all persons entitled to be on site and
- Provision of all lights, guards, fencing, warning signs, traffic control and watching for protection of the works and other property and for the safety and convenience of the public.

MoAEP will have the authority for immediate suspension of works if performance is not in accordance with environmental standards and regulations. Inspection will then inform the PERS about suspension and order to proceed according to its directive.

Public consultations will be held in the future.

The Contractor Reporting Arrangements

A) Contractor to PERS

The Contractor will prepare his compliance reports in respect to this EMP and his SSIP as a Quarterly Progress Reports and submit them to PERS, in both Serbian and English language, in hard copy and electronic versions.

Construction Contractor will provide quarterly reports to the PERS which document the environmental mitigation and protection measures, together with prescribed monitoring activities carried out during that quarter's reporting period. Construction Contractor will take care on environment quality according to the mitigation and monitoring plan which are a consisting part of EMP (Appendix I and Appendix II) through those phases and will report quarterly to the PERS.

If any kind of accident or endangerment of environment happens, reporting will be immediate. Contractor is obliged to inform the project manager and local authorities about accidents immediately after it happened. In case that project manager is not responding on a call, the Contractor is obliged to inform PERS about accident (phone number +381113040701 or via E-mail on following address: office@putevi-srbije.rs).

The Contractor will monitor quality of environmental conditions according to the monitoring plan which is a consisting part of EMP (Annex II) through those phases and will report quarterly to the PERS. These reports will encompass a list and explanation of all undertaken activities at the site and results of the field research, as well as recommendations for future field activities and protection measures.

B) Project Supervision Consultant to PERS

The findings of the regular monitoring activities, including activities specified in the Monitoring Plan (Appendix II) carried by the Contractor will be included in the quarterly PSC progress reports.

If some kind of accident or endangerment of environment happens, reporting will be immediate.

C) PERS to Ministry of Construction, Transport and Infrastructure, WB, EBRD and EIB

Annual Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) reports, including monitoring indicators and reporting on the implementation of the requirements set forth in the EMP will be prepared by PERS and submitted for IFIs review. IFIs will review the reports and verify their contents through periodic site visits. The PERS shall provide Annual reports to Ministry of Construction, Transport and Infrastructure and IFIs regarding the status of implementation of mitigation measures by the Contractors, additional mitigation measures that may need to be implemented, incidents of non-compliance with applicable environmental permits, complaints received from local residents, NGOs, etc. and how these were addressed.

In case of fatalities or major incidents on site the PERS will immediately report to the Bank which is financing the road section.

6. STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT - INFORMATION DISCLOSURE, CONSULTATIONS, AND PARTICIPATION

Stakeholder engagement is recognised as an essential component of the appraisal, management and monitoring of environmental and social issues associated with Heavy maintenance (Road rehabilitation-upgrading) of the state road IB 35, Section: Zaječar 5 – Knjaževac 1, L = 24,22km. PE "Roads of Serbia" consider stakeholder engagement to be an essential part of good business practice and corporate responsibility, as well as providing a positive mechanism by which to improve the quality of the Project. PE "Roads of Serbia" also recognise that effective community engagement is central to successful management of risks and impacts on project-affected communities, as well as promoting enhanced community benefits.

To this end, stakeholders have been identified for the preparation and operational phases of the proposed Project. They include groups that:

- Have an interest in the project and its operations;
- Are affected by the Project;
- Have the ability to influence or affect the project and its operations.

Stakeholders could be individuals and organizations that may be directly or indirectly affected by the Project either in a positive or negative way, and who may wish to express their views.

The stakeholders that have been identified for the Project to date are listed below. During forthcoming consultation activities the Designer will identify individuals and legitimate representatives of stakeholder groups who will be targeted with Project information and consulted.

Stakeholders Group

Stakeholders Group	Consultation Methods
Road Users	Notices along roads/Local media announcements
General Public – one or more natural and legal persons, their associations, organisations and groups. Stakeholders – the public either affected or not affected by the project.	Face-to-face meetings/focus groups/public meetings/local media announcements.
Government Agencies	Official letters/official meeting/official media announcements/ public meeting
Land owners/users within close proximity of routes.	Face-to-face meetings ¹ /focus groups ² /personal letters/ public meetings/local media announcements. Some of these consultations will be carried out as part of the expropriation process (if you need).
Residents of hous in close proximity to the Routes.	Face-to-face meetings/focus groups/public meetings/local media announcements.
Informal land users.	Face-to-face meetings/focus groups/public meetings/local media announcements.
Formal and informal users of the rivers	Face-to-face meetings/focus groups/public

the Beli Tomok, the Jelašnica river, the	meetings/local media announcements.
Selacke river and the Sinje river .	
Business owners with premises in	Face-to-face meetings/focus groups/public
proximity to the Routes.	meetings/local media announcements.
NGO	
Primary schools in Vratarnici and	Face-to-face meetings/public meetings/local media
Minićevo	announcements.
Religious communities	Face-to-face meetings/public meetings/local media announcements.
Various citizen associations and NGOs	Face-to-face meetings/public meetings/local media
(disable persons, socially vulnerable	announcements.
population)	
Internal Stakeholders – PE "Roads of	Official letters/official meetings.
Serbia"	
Workers involved in the Project and their	Face-to-face meetings [internal workforce meetings].
subcontractors.	
Neighboring countries affected by the	Disclosure of relevant information and Ministerial
project.	discussions (if you need).

¹ Face-to-face meetings might be meetings with individuals or households.

² Focus groups might be meetings with a small number of targeted individuals with similar interests.

Principles of Engagement and Disclosure

The key principles for effective engagement include:

- Providing meaningful information in a format and language that is readily understandable and tailored to the needs of the target stakeholder group(s). Information will be provided in Serbian, although in addition the Non Technical Summary (NTS) and Stakeholder Engagement Plan (SEP) will also be available in English;
- 2. Providing information in advance of consultation activities and decisionmaking.
- 3. Providing information in ways and locations that make it easy for stakeholders to access it and that are culturally appropriate. Key location/notice boards will be regularly updated in local villages;
- 4. Respecting local traditions, languages, timeframes, and decision-making processes;
- 5. Inclusiveness in representation of views in terms of age groups, gender and reaching vulnerable and/or minority groups;
- 6. Processes free of intimidation, coercion or incentivisation;
- 7. Ensuring a two-way dialogue that gives both sides the opportunity to exchange views and information, to listen, and to have their issues heard and addressed. This will be achieved through public events, specialist group meetings and via a project-specific grievance mechanism;
- 8. Clear mechanisms for responding to people's concerns, suggestions, and grievances.

- 9. Incorporating, where appropriate and feasible, stakeholder feedback into project or programme design and reporting back to stakeholders;
- 10. Publishing information about project implementation on the proposed PE "Roads of Serbia" website, including a link to project-specific grievance forms;
- 11. Publishing and distributing general information about the investment programme, including general issues and implementation stages, in addition to the grievance mechanism to identified stakeholders in leaflet form;
- 12. Presenting all Project information on a website in Serbian.

Addressing Stakeholder Comments and Grievances

A formalized grievance mechanism is an important tool to monitor and promptly resolve potential conflicts with stakeholders whose interests may be affected. In accordance with stakeholder engagement best practice requirements the grievance mechanism for external stakeholders shall include:

- A clearly defined and simple procedure for submitting stakeholders;
- Maintaining records of all complaints, concerns and suggestions;
- A procedure for reviewing and handling complaints; and
- A procedure for responding to complaints.

Information on the procedures to follow in order to lodge a grievance is provided below and will be provided on information boards, and on the relevant websites, including the competent local and governmental authorities.

A Grievance Form is provided in Appendix IV.

Each complaint whether from an individual or a community will be considered and a response to each specific complaint will be directly communicated to the party that raised it.

A formal procedure will be used to log the key information provided to each stakeholder and record incoming communication (i.e. general questions, complaints, etc.). A record of actions taken as a result of communications will also be documented and updated on an ongoing basis as part of the Stakeholder Engagement process.

If PE "Roads of Serbia" is not able to address the particular concern raised or if action is not required, the Designer will provide a detailed explanation/justification on why the issue has not been addressed. The response will also contain an explanation on how the person/organization which raised the complaint can proceed with the grievance in case the outcome is not satisfactory.

If the respondent is not satisfied with the solutions implemented by the PE "Roads of Serbia" to address the raised comment or grievance, the complainant may seek other legal remedies in accordance with Serbian law.

7. REFERENCE

- 1 Environmental Assessment Sourcebook No 25, Environmental Management Plans, The World Bank Environment Department, January 1999
- 2 Roads and the environment: A Handbook, The World Bank Environment Department
- 3 EIB ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL PRACTICES HANDBOOK, Environment and Social Office Projects Directorate Version 2 of 24/02/2010
- 4 EBRD Environmental and Social Policy 2008
- 5 EIB Statement of Environmental and Social Principles and Standards (2008).
- 6 Environmental Management Plan for rehabilitation of roads, bridges and tunnels under the World Bank road management and safety project, Republic of Ruska Road Directorate, Banja Luka, 2001
- 7 Environmental Assessment REPORT & Environmental Management Plan for Serbian Transport Rehabilitation Project, report No: E866, project name/ID: YF-Transport Rehabilitation Project – P075207, document date 2003/11/30

APPENDICES

Appendix I

MITIGATION PLAN

MITIGATION PLAN

Phase	Issue	Issue Mitigating measure		tutional onsibility	Comments (e.g. secondary
			Install	Supervision	impacts)
PRE- CONSTRUCTION	Detailed Desig	n			
	The respect for the procedures related to the protection of the environment	The Designer obtained the Requirements of the Institute for Nature Protection and the Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments "Niš", in order to avoid the risks to the environment in the period of increased maintenance.	PERS The Designer	PERS	
	The location and development of the contractor's facilities will be approved by the PE. Locations will be selected so that:	 is located outside of the flood zone of the riverbed they do not interfere with the environment and social well- being of the surrounding communities re noise, dust. vibration, etc., is located outside of the area with tall vegetation the size of contractor's facilities are limited to absolute minimum to reduce unnecessary clearing of vegetation, sanitary waste and grey waters are treated before release into surface water systems, in accordance with the Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", 101/05). the sites are properly drained. Paved areas, including vehicle parking areas, workshops and fuel storage areas are to drain to an oil and water separator, and fuel storage areas Wherever possible limit area to be cleared and avoid excessive machine disturbance of the topsoil. Cleared material is to be piled into manageable sized heaps 	PERS Contractor	PERS	

Phase	Issue	Issue Mitigating measure	Institutional responsibility		Comments (e.g. secondary
			Install	Supervision	impacts)
		 according to disposal or re-use requirements. Prevention of soil erosion on construction site: The contractor will be responsible for ensuring that the erosion is contained by soil conservation protection methods. Limit the extent of excavation to reduce soil erosion potential. Apply soil conservation protection methodology to susceptible areas to prevent / minimize storm water runoff carrying eroded materials off-site. Avoid excavation and operating machinery in wet ground conditions. 			
	Site selection for construction camps, near or within existing settlements. Impact on public health and sociological setting	Proper site selection, observing criteria which primarily protect the public general. Observe a minimum distance (buffer zone) between camp site and nearest residential area. Observe local wind conditions to reduce nuisances. Work safety and environmental protection measures to be specified by the Contractor in his Site Management Plan. Planning for independent water and electric supply network and a medical service station at the site.	Detailed Design Consultant and RC	Technical Control of Detailed Design PERS	
	Road safety issues associated with	Plan for safe and adequate pedestrian crossing facilities that can be in most cases over passages equipped with ramps and structures that allow the use of wheelchairs, pushcarts, bicycles and prams.	Detailed Design Consultant and RC	Technical Control of Detailed Design	

Phase	Issue Mitigating measure			Institutional responsibility	
			Install Supervision		secondary impacts)
	pedestrian crossing			PERS	
	Stakeholder engagement	Details of the proposed road alignment, access points and safety features will be disclosed in the locality of the planned works. Feedback from local stakeholders will be sought and recorded. Evidence of how feedback has been considered in the final design will be recorded.	Detailed Design Consultant PERS	Technical Control of Detailed Design PERS	
Construction	Management P	lans			
	ensure complian Site org Sewage Project Soil Ma Dust ma A plan i as reha access Waste a Waste r Oil and In-river Camp n Emerge Rehabil Safety a	epare implement the following plans as described in the EMP to nce with legislative and Lender requirements. anisation plan <u>a and septage management</u> grievance mechanism). <u>nagement Plan</u> <u>anagement plan</u> <u>ndicating the location of the proposed material extraction site</u> as well bilitation measures to be implemented for the borrow areas and roads upon project completion; <u>and wastewater management plan</u> in accordance with the Law on nanagement ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09). <u>fuel storage management plan</u> . <u>works management plan</u> . <u>management plan</u> . <u>itation Plan</u> and Hazard Assessment and Labour Management Plan (SLMP),			

Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure		Institutional responsibility	
			Install	Supervision	secondary impacts)
CONSTRUCTION	Site Induction				
		visitors to site shall be given a Health, Safety and Environment structed in the need and use of PPE.			
CONSTRUCTION	Material supply	/			
	Asphalt plant dust, fumes, workers health and safety, ecosystem disturbance	use existing asphalt plants; requirement for official approval or valid operating license	Asphalt plant	Asphalt plant	
	Stone quarry dust, workers health and safety, ecosystem disturbance	Use existing stone quarry or requirement for official approval or valid operating license	Stone quarry	Stone quarry	
	Sand and gravel borrow pit disturbance of river bed, water quality, ecosystem disturbance	use existing borrow pits or buy material at licensed separations; requirement for official approval or valid operating license	Sand and gravel Contractor or Separation	Sand and gravel Contractor or Separation	

Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure		tutional onsibility	Comments (e.g. secondary
			Install	Supervision	impacts)
	Material transp	ort			
	Asphalt dust, fumes	All trucks are to be covered This is a problem area through-out the region and I this will not be achieved unless the selection contractors operating trucks is managed	Truck operator	Truck operator	
	Stone Dust			Truck operator	
	Sand and gravel Dust	Wet or cover truck load	Truck operator	Truck operator	
	Traffic management noise, vehicle exhaust, road congestion	Haul material at off peak traffic hours (preferably 9-14h); use alternative routes to minimize major traffic sites Need to ensure that adequate signs to work fronts to minimise 'wrong turn' chances causing even more congestion	Transport manager; Truck operator	Transport manager; Truck operator	
	Archaeological chance finds	In case of chance finds Contractor is obliged to stop the works immediately and inform institute for protection of Cultural Monuments and PERS about it.	Contractor	Supervision Contractor	
CONSTRUCTION	Construction s	ite		·	
	Noise disturbance to human and	Limit activities to daylight working hours (not between 8 p.m. and 7 a.m. or as agreed with public and authorities); equipment operating with noise mufflers and licenced and approved in accordance with	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	

Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure		utional nsibility	Comments (e.g. secondary	
			Install	Supervision	impacts)	
pol	nimal opulation nd workers	EU standards. Noise screens/barriers for noisy works for those longer than one day in the same location/area. Noisy equipment will be located as far as possible from residential or other sensitive receptors.				
Du	ust	Water construction site and cover material storage areas limited speed of vehicles Implement a Dust Management Plan: measures to avoid/minimize dust emissions, including use of hoardings; wetting down/spraying of construction areas, accesses, materials stockpiles and during loading/unloading activities; covering of vehicles carrying dusty materials; wheel washing/spraying of vehicles; and management of spoil, etc.	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor		
Vit	brations	Limit activities to daylight working hours (not between 8 p.m. and 7 a.m. or as agreed with public and authorities) If any material damage proved to have been caused to local houses, buildings and other infrastructure (including access roads) by the works will be compensated for and subject to repair on a timely basis. Earthmoving equipment will be located as far away as possible from vibration-sensitive receptors.	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor		
dis dui cor	raffic sruption uring onstruction ctivity	Traffic management plan with measures to redirect traffic that are easily seen or easy to follow; include traffic police assistance if needed Construction Traffic Management Plan will establish speed limits for construction vehicles and organize traffic to avoid as much as possible populated areas. Local residents will be kept informed of planned works	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor		
Re	educed	Provide alternative access to roadside activities at all times	Construction	Construction		

Phase	Issue Mitigating measure	Issue Mitigating measure		utional nsibility	Comments (e.g. secondary
			Install	Supervision	impacts)
	access to roadside activities		Contractor	Contractor	
	Vehicle and pedestrian safety when there is no construction activity	Lighting and well defined safety signs and protection measures.	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Water and soil pollution from improper material storage, management and usage	Organize and cover material storage areas; isolate concrete, asphalt and other works from watercourse by using sealed formwork or covers; isolate wash down areas of concrete and asphalt trucks and other equipment from watercourse by selecting areas for washing that are not free draining directly into watercourse Operate construction site in a way to reduce the risk of generating sediments and wastewater that may pollute local soils or receiving water bodies (considering situations such as including storm water runoff, wastewater generated from facilities on site such as wheel washing facility). Soil Management Plan shall be prepared for the controlled removal of top soil, storage and reuse. Prevent sediments flowing into surface waters and drainage channels by localized control measures. (e.g. sediment fences, check dams, mulch barriers, rock groynes, or geofabric barriers, sediment basins), contouring to optimize slope angle and steepness, In order to prevent leaching of sediments is also necessary to take into account the slope of the terrain and protection from wind erosion by fencing, covers installation, etc. Depositing of surplus of earth, stone and similar may only be	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	

Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Institutional responsibility		Comments (e.g. secondary
			Install	Supervision	impacts)
		temporary and limited in time to the completion of the planned works. After the completion of all works, all excesses of soil, stones and other waste materials should be removed and the full rehabilitation of degraded areas all over the degraded surfaces should be executed.			
	Water and soil pollution from improper disposal of waste materials	Dispose waste material at location protected from washing out, should be marked in the site plan; if not on site, then at authorized landfill / depot Storage of wastes according to international best practice and accordance with law regulation of Republic Serbia. Apply additional measures for storage of hazardous wastes (such as use of secondary containment, access restriction, provision of PPE etc.) as necessary to prevent harm to construction staff, environment and public. Use and labelling of designated waste collection containers and storage areas for different kinds of wastes (hazardous and non- hazardous) in accordance with law of Republic Serbia	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Potential contamination of soil and water from improper maintenance and fuelling of equipment	Apply best engineering practice in safe storage and handling of lubricants, fuel and solvents by secured storage; ensure proper loading of fuel and maintenance of equipment; collect all waste and dispose to permitted waste recovery facility	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Water and soil pollution from improper disposal of	Transport of waste in marked vehicles designed to the type of waste to minimise the risk of release of materials (hazardous and non- hazardous materials) and windblown debris. Training of drivers in handling and disposal of their cargo and the documentation of the	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	

Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Institutional responsibility		Comments (e.g. secondary
			Install Supervision		impacts)
	waste materials	transport describing the nature of the waste and its degree of hazard.			
	Workers safety	Provide workers with safety instructions and protective equipment; safe organization of bypassing traffic	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
	Temporarily occupied area	Landscaping - Undertaking of re-vegetation progressively with cover crop and native endemic species and monitor its effectiveness. Where initial plantings were not successful, replacement plantings will be carried out.	Construction Contractor	Construction Contractor	
OPERATION	Maintenance				
	Noise disturbance to human and animal population and workers	limit activities to daylight working hours (not between 8 p.m. and 7 a.m. or as agreed with public); equipment operating with noise mufflers	Maintenance Contractor	Maintenance Contractor	
	Possible air, water and soil pollution dust, vehicle exhaust, fuel and lubricants spills	Apply best engineering practice in safe storage and handling of lubricants, fuel and solvents by secured storage; ensure proper loading of fuel and maintenance of equipment; collect all waste and dispose in line with the Law on waste management; organize and cover material storage areas; isolate asphalt from watercourse by using sealed formwork; selecting areas for washing that are not free draining directly or indirectly into watercourse (Beli Timok river , and other rivers); dispose waste material at location protected from washing out	Maintenance Contractor	Maintenance Contractor	

Phase	Issue	Mitigating measure	Institutional responsibility		Comments (e.g. secondary
			Install	Supervision	impacts)
	Vibrations	limit activities to daylight working hours (not between 8 p.m. and 7 a.m. or as agreed with public and authorities)	Maintenance Contractor	Maintenance Contractor	
	Workers safety	Provide workers with safety instructions and protective equipment; Safe organization of bypassing traffic. This could really be expanded as it rather limited.		Maintenance Contractor	
	Increased vehicle speed	Install traffic signs for speed limit	Maintenance Contractor	Maintenance Contractor	
	Erosion, rock fall, hazardous conditions	Install warning signs (rock fall, landslide, wet or slippery conditions, dangerous curve, animal or pedestrian crossing, school, slow moving vehicles, merge), reflective markers to indicate steep edge or convex mirrors to see oncoming traffic at blind curves; locate warnings at points considered necessary by good engineering practice, or as agreed in writing with public and authorities	Maintenance Contractor	Maintenance Contractor	

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Appendix II

MONITORING PLAN

MONITORING PLAN

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored? (optional)	Institutional responsibility Operate
CONSTRUCTION	Material supply	/				
Asphalt plant	possession of official approval or valid operating license	asphalt plant	Inspection / supervising engineer	before work begins	assure asphalt plant compliance with environment, health and safety requirements	Plant Operator
Stone quarry	possession of official approval or valid operating license	stone quarry	Inspection / supervising engineer	before work begins	assure plant compliance with environment, health and safety requirements	Quarry Operator
Sand and gravel borrow pit	possession of official approval or valid operating license	sand and gravel borrow pit or separation	Inspection / supervising engineer	before work begins	assure plant compliance with environment, health and safety requirements	Borrow pit or Separation Operator

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored? (optional)	Institutional responsibility Operate
CONSTRUCTION	Material transp	oort				
Asphalt	truck load covered	job site	supervision	unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week	assure compliance of performance with environment, health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
Stone	truck load covered or wetted	job site	supervision	unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week	assure compliance of performance with environment, health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
Sand and gravel	truck load covered or wetted	job site	supervision	unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week	assure compliance of performance with environment, health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored? (optional)	Institutional responsibility Operate
Traffic management	hours and routes selected	job site	supervision	unannounced inspections during work, at least once per week	assure compliance of performance with environment, health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
CONSTRUCTION	Construction S	lite				
Noise disturbance to workers and neighbouring population	noise levels	job site; nearest homes at settlement Vratarnica, Mali Izvor, Minićevo I Gornje Zunice.	equipment – hand- held analyser with application software	Once at the beginning of the project and later on quarterly basis, and on complaint. If the results of monitoring are not satisfactory, monitoring should be conducted on monthly basis	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Construction Contractor

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored? (optional)	Institutional responsibility Operate
Dust	air pollution (solid particles)	at and near job site	inspection and visual observation	unannounced inspections during material delivery and construction	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
Vibrations	limited time of activities	job site	supervision	unannounced inspections during work and on complaint	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
Traffic disruption during construction activity	existence of traffic management plan; traffic patterns	at and near job site	inspection; observation	before works start; once per week at peak and non- peak periods	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored? (optional)	Institutional responsibility Operate
Reduced access to roadside activities	provided alternative access	job site	supervision	random checks at least once per week during construction activities	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
Vehicle and pedestrian safety when there is no construction activity	visibility and appropriateness	at and near job site	observation	random checks at least once per week in the evening	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
Water and soil pollution from improper material storage, management and usage	water and soil quality (suspended solids, oils, pH value, conductivity)	on Beli Timok river and Jelašnica River	unannounced sampling; analysis at accredited laboratory with necessary equipment	At least 3 times during project period. Monitoring should be done prior construction (or on a referent point upstream of construction site) and during and after rehabilitation works	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Construction Contractor

Phase	What is the parameter to be monitored?	Where the parameter should be monitored?	How the parameter should be monitored?/ type of monitoring equipment	When the parameter should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or continuous)	Why the parameter should be monitored? (optional)	Institutional responsibility Operate
Workers safety	protective equipment; organization of bypassing traffic	job site	inspection	Unannounced inspections during work. It is recommended to use EBRD template for this purpose (next table)	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	Supervision Contractor
OPERATION	Maintenance	·				
Noise disturbance to human population and workers	noise levels	job site; nearest homes	equipment – hand- held analyser with application software	unannounced inspections during maintenance activities and on complaint	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	PERS
Vibrations	limited time of activities	job site	supervision	unannounced inspections during maintenance activities and on complaint	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	PERS

Phase par	What is the parameter to be monitored?	should be type of measurement or	should be monitored? (frequency of measurement or	Why the parameter should be monitored? (optional)	Institutional responsibility	
			equipment	continuous)		Operate
Workers safety	protective equipment; organization of bypassing traffic	job site	inspection	unannounced inspections during maintenance activities and on complaint	assure compliance of performance with environment health and safety requirements and enable as little disruption to traffic as it is possible	PERS
OPERATION	Road Safety	•				
Increased vehicle speed	condition of traffic signs; vehicle speed	road section included in project	visual observation; speed detectors	during maintenance activities; unannounced	enable safe and economical traffic flow	Maintenance Contractor; Traffic Police
Erosion, rockfall, hazardous conditions	road section included in project	condition of hazard signs	visual observation	during maintenance activities	enable safe and economical traffic flow	Maintenance Contractor

EBRD Template - additional data required that should be incorporated into monitoring plans:

1. General		
Is the project materially compliant with all relevant EBRD Performance Requirements (taking account of agreed action plans, exemptions or derogations)?	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	If No, please provide details of any material non-compliances:
Is the project materially compliant with all applicable environmental and social laws and regulations?	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	If No, please provide details of any material non-compliances:
Have there been any accidents or incidents that have caused damage to the environment, brought about injuries or fatalities, affected project labour or local communities, affected cultural property, or created liabilities for the company?	Yes 🖬 No 🗖	If yes, please describe, including details of actions to repair and prevent reoccurrence:
Have there been any changes to environment, social, labour or health and safety laws or regulations that have materially affected the company?	Yes 🖬 No 🗖	If yes, please describe:
How many inspections did you receive from the environmental authorities during the reporting period?	Number:	Please provide details of these visits, including number and nature of any violations found
How many inspections did you receive from the health and safety authorities during the reporting period?	Number:	Please provide details of these visits, including number and nature of any violations found
How many inspections did you receive from the labour authorities during the reporting period?	Number:	Please provide details of these visits, including number and nature of any violations found:
Have these visits resulted in any penalties, fines and/or corrective action plans?	Yes 🗆 No ם	If yes, please describe, including status of implementing corrective actions to address any violations found:
Has the Company engaged any contractors for project-related work in the reporting period?	Yes ם	If yes, please state for which types of work, and how the company has monitored the compliance of contractors with EBRD Performance Requirements and the Environmental

	No 🗖	and Social Action Plan:			
Were any of the violations stated above the responsibility of contractors?	Yes 🗖 No 🗖	If yes, please provide details, including how the Company is ensuring that corrective actions are implemented by the Contractor?			
Have any operations been reduced, temporarily suspended or closed down due to environmental, health, safety or labour reasons?	Yes 🖬 No 🗖	If yes, please describe:			
Please describe any environment or social programmes, initiatives or sub-projects undertaking during the reporting period to improve the company's environmental or social performance and/or management systems:					
Please indicate the level of associated expenditure (capital expenditure and operating expenditure), and whether this relates to the requirements of the Environmental and Social Action Plan, or to any other initiative:					

2. Status of the Environmental and Social Action Plan

Please provide information on the status of each item in the Environmental and Social Action Plan (ESAP) agreed with EBRD. If the ESAP has been updated during the reporting period, please attach a copy of the new plan.

3. Environmental Monitoring Data ¹						
Please provide the name and contact details for your environmental manager:						
Parameter ²	Value ³	Unit	Compliance Status ⁴	Comments ⁵		
Waste Water						
Total waste water generated						
BOD						
COD						
Suspended Solids						
Phosphorus						
Nitrates						
Heavy metals						
[Other]						
Air Emissions						
SO ₂						
NO _X						
Particulates						
CO ₂						
CH ₄						
N ₂ O						
HFCs						

¹Please provide the results of any environmental monitoring carried out by the Company or its consultants. If you already have all the data requested available in another format, then this can used instead.

 ² Not all parameters will necessarily apply. Please complete those rows that are most relevant to the industry sector. Additional parameters can be added as necessary.
 ³ Please ensure that the units of measurement are clearly stated
 ⁴ Please report on compliance against the standards agreed with EBRD for this project (typically local, EU and/or World Bank Group)

⁵ In addition to any other comments, please indicate whether the measurements reported apply to all or only some process operations at the facility

PFCs					
SF ₆					
[Other]					
Other Parameters					
Noise					
[Other]					
Solid Waste					
Please provide details of the types and amounts of solid wastes generated by the project. Indicate where wastes are classified as hazardous. Indicate the final re-use, recycle or disposal method for each waste type.					

Parameter	Value	Measurement Unit	Comments ⁶
Fuels used			
Oil			
Gas			
Coal			
Lignite			
Grid Electricity			
Heat Purchased			
Feedstocks and raw materials consumed			
Name 1			

⁶ In addition to any other comments, please indicate whether the measurements reported apply to all or only some process operations at the facility Please include any fuel quality parameters (e.g. calorific value)

Name 2		
Product output		
Product 1		
Product 2		

5. Human Resources Management

Please provide the name and Human Resources manager:	contact details for y	our				
	Total	Recruited in this reporting period	Dismissed in this reporting period			
Number of direct employees:						
Number of contracted workers:						
Were there any colle redundancies during the repo period?	orting Yes D No D	If yes, please describe the redundancy plan, including reasons for redundancies, number of workers involved, how they were selected, consultation undertaken, and measures to mitigate the effects of redundancy:				
Are there any planned redunda to the workforce in the next year		If yes, please describe the redundancy plan, including reasons for redundancies, number of workers involved, and selection and consultation process:				
Were there any changes in union representation at Com facilities during the reporting per	ipany Yes	If yes, please provide details, and summa	yes, please provide details, and summarise engagement with trade unions during reporting period:			
Were there any other w representatives (e.g. in the abs of a trade union)?	VAC	If yes, please provide details and summar	ves, please provide details and summarise engagement with them during reporting period:			
Were there any changes in the status of Collective Agreements?		If yes, please provide details:	es, please provide details:			
Have employees raised any Yes I If yes,			s, please state how many, split by gender, summarise the issues raised in grievances by male and female staff and in how the Company has addressed them:			

Have employees raised any complaints about harassment or bullying during the reporting period?	Yes 🖬 No 📮	If yes, please state how many, split by gender, summarise the issues raised by male and female staff and explain how the Company has addressed them:
Have there been any strikes or other collective disputes related to labour and working conditions at the Company in the reporting period?	Yes 🗆 No 🗅	If yes, please summarise nature of, and reasons for, disputes and explain how they were resolved
Have there been any court cases related to labour issues during the reporting period?	Yes 🖬 No 🗖	If yes, please summarise the issues contested and outcome:
 Have there been any changes to the following policies or terms and conditions during the reporting period in any of the following areas: Union recognition Collective Agreement Non-discrimination and equal opportunity Equal pay for equal work Gender Equality Bullying and harassment, including sexual harassment Employment of young persons under age 18 Wages (wage level, normal and overtime) Overtime Working hours Flexible working / work-life balance Grievance mechanism for workers Health & safety 	Yes I No I	If yes, please give details, including of any new initiatives:

Please provide the name and contact and Safety manager:	t details for your Health				
	Direct employees	Contracted workers		Direct employees	Contracted workers
Number of man-hours worked this reporting period:			Number of Fatalities ⁷ :		
Budget spent on OHS in this period (total amount and currency):			Number of disabling injuries:		
OHS training provided in this period in person-days:			Number of Lost Time Incidents (including vehicular) ⁸ :		
Number of lost workdays ⁹ resulting from incidents:			Number of cases of occupational disease:		
Number of sick days:					
Accident causes (falling, heavy loads, s	I truck by object, contact wi	th energy source e	tc.):]]

⁷If you have not already done so, please provide a separate report detailing the circumstances of each fatality. ⁸Incapacity to work for at least one full workday beyond the day on which the accident or illness occurred. ⁹Lost workdays are the number of workdays (consecutive or not) beyond the date of injury or onset of illness that the employee was away from work or limited to restricted work activity because of an occupational injury or illness.

Please summarise any emergency response exercises or drills that have been carried out during the report period:						
7. Stakeholder Engagement						
Please provide the name and contact details for your external relations or community engagement manager:						
 period, including: Meeting or other initiatives to engage with members of the information provided to members of the public and other sector coverage in media, and interaction with any environmental or other communit Please describe any changes to the Stakeholder Engagement Plan 	stakeholders during the report period relating to environmental, social or safety issues y groups. n agreed with EBRD:					
How many complaints or grievances did the project receive from m group. Summarise any issues raised in the complaints or grievance	nembers of the public or civil society organisations during the reporting period? Please split by stakeholder es and explain how they were resolved:					

8. Status and Reporting on Resettlement Action Plan/Livelihood Restoration Framework

Existing Land Acquisitions

Please report any further progress made during this reporting period in the implementation of the Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) or Livelihood Restoration Framework (LRF), using the monitoring indicators as detailed in the RAP or LRF, and complete the table below. Please provide the results of any other related monitoring carried out by the Company or its consultants and attach any additional information you think would be useful.

Have all the affected persons been fully compensated for their physical displacement and, if applicable, any economic losses resulting from the project?	Yes 🗆 No 🗖	If no, specify how many compensation payments are still outstanding (in terms of number and percentage of recipients and payment amounts) and state when these payment will be made:
Has the land acquisition had any additional, unforeseen impacts on affected persons' standard of living or access to livelihoods that were not previously covered in the RAP?	Yes 🗆 No 🗖	If yes, quantify these impacts and specify what measures have been undertaken to minimize and mitigate these impacts. If no, specify how potential impacts on livelihoods have been monitored.
Have any vulnerable groups been identified?	Yes 🗆 No 🗖	If yes, list the groups that were identified and describe any additional measures undertaken in order to mitigate impacts specific to these groups.
If applicable, have all transit allowances been paid?	Yes No D	If no, specify how many payments are still outstanding (in terms of number and percentage of recipients and payment amounts) and state when these payments will be made.
Has legal support been provided to all the affected persons?	Yes No	If yes, specify how many persons effectively made use of the legal support.

Have all outstanding land and/or resource claims been settled?	Yes I No I Not applicable I	If no, specify how many claims are still outstanding and state what the expected timing is for settling them.
Have there been any new land acquisition-related complaints or grievances?	Yes 🗆 No 🗖	If yes, please state how many and summarize their content.
Has the company regularly reported to the affected communities on progress made in implementing the RAP?	Yes 🗆 No 🗖	If yes, please state how many meetings were held and how many participants attended.

New Land Acquisitions

If the company acquired any new land for the project during the reporting year, please provide documents to show closure of land acquisition transactions. Please attach new/revised RAP covering the new land acquisition and describe mitigation measures, compensation, agreements reached, etc., and provide in tabular form a list of affected people and status of compensation.

Have any persons been physically displaced?	Yes 🗖	No		If yes, how many?	
Have any persons been economically displaced?	Yes 🗅	No		If yes, how many?	
Was it a government assisted resettlement?	Yes 🗖	No			
			-		
9. Community Interaction and Development					
9. Community interaction and Development					
Please summarise any social or community development initiatives undertaken by the company during the reporting period, and any associated expenditure:					

Appendix III

LEGISLATION

MAIN SERBIAN LEGISLATION:

The main laws and regulations currently in force in Republic of Serbia which are relevant to the environmental protection during planning, design, construction and operating of this Project are listed below:

- 2. Law on planning and construction ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 72/2009, 81/2009)
- 3. Law on nature protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09)
- 4. Law on environmental protection ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/04, 36/09, 72/09)
- 5. Law on EIA ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/2004, 36/2009)
- 6. Law on Strategic EIA ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 135/2004)
- 7. Law on waste management ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09)
- 8. Law on noise protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09)
- 9. Law on water ("Official Gazette of RS", 46/91, 53/93, 67/93, 48/94, 54/96, 101/05)
- 10. Law on forest ("Official Gazette of RS", 46/91, 83/92, 54/93, 60/93, 53/93, 67/93, 48/94, 54/96, 101/05)
- 11. Law on air protection ("Official Gazette of RS", 36/09)
- 12. Law on Safety and Health at Work ("Official Gazette of RS", 101/05)

Regulations established on the basis of the Law on EIA include the following:

- 13. Decree on establishing the List of Projects for which the Impact Assessment is mandatory and the List of projects for which the EIA can be requested ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 114/08)
- 14. Rulebook on the contents of requests for the necessity of Impact Assessment and on the contents of requests for specification of scope and contents of the EIA Study ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 69/05)
- 15. Rulebook on the contents of the EIA Study ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 69/05)
- 16. Rulebook on the procedure of public inspection, presentation and public consultation about the EIA Study ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 69/05)
- 17. Rulebook on the work of the Technical Committee for the EIA Study ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 69/05)
- 18. Regulations on permitted noise level in the environment ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 54/92)
- 19. Decree on establishing class of water bodies ("Official Gazette of SRS" No. 50/2012)
- 20. Regulations on dangers pollutants in waters ("Official Gazette of SRS" No. 31/82)

Other relevant Serbian legislation

- 21. Law on confirmation of convention on information disclosure, public involvement in process of decision making and legal protection in the environmental area ("Official Gazette of RS", 38/09)
- 22. Law on public roads ("Official Gazette of RS" No. 101/2005, 123/07)

Appendix IV

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

IDENTIFIED STAKEHOLDERS

Stakeholders can be defined as those people and organisations who may affect, be affected by, or perceive themselves to be affected by, a decision or activity. For the Project, the stakeholders range according to the following main groups:

Potential affected parties:

- Employees of PERS and Contractors;
- Representatives of companies operating the area immediately adjacent to the Project;
- Residents from settlements within the zone of influence of the Project
- Statutory regulatory authorities, on local or regional level, such as: Local landowners and leaseholders within Project easements; and Potentially affected industries/businesses.

Interested parties:

- General public;
- Other companies operating on the National Grid; and
- Non-Governmental Organisations (NGO).

It is acknowledged that, as the Project develops; more stakeholders may be identified and engaged. In this regard, once identified, each stakeholder will be characterized in terms of their interests, concerns and requirements and will be included within this list.

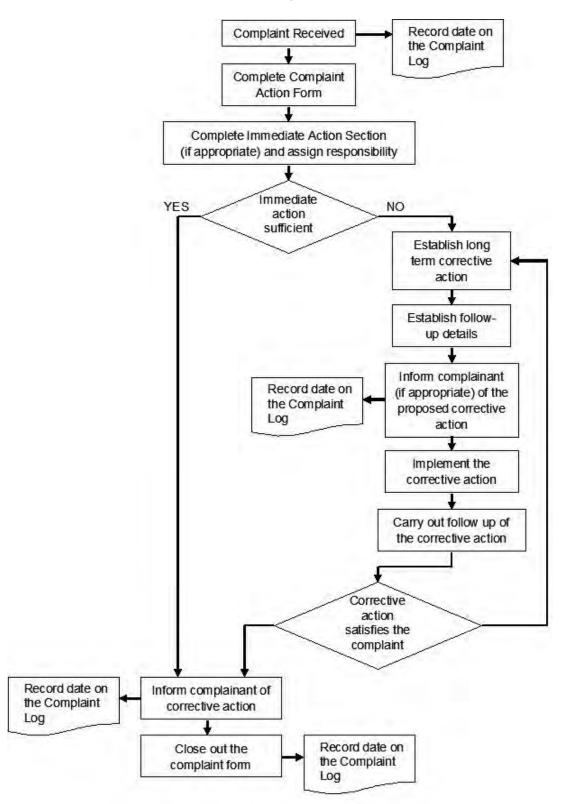
	Stakeholders Group	Contact Details	Interest in the Project	Consultation Methods
1	Ministry of Agriculture and Environmental Protection, Sector: Environmental Protection	Omladinskih Brigada 1, 11070 Novi Beograd e- maill: <u>office@minpolj.gov.rs</u> tel: 011/3612-197	The Authority is responsible for the Regulation of environmental impacts, reviewing design documents and issuing permits. Project supervision and control.	Official letter
2	Ministry of	,	The Authority	Official letter
	Construction,	e-maill:	responsible for	
	Transport and		providing	
	Infrastructure	011/2691-432	permit for	

			constructions.	
3	Ministry of	Kneza Miloša 103	The Authority	Official letter.
5				Unicial letter.
	Internal Affairs,	11000 Beograd	issues permits	
	The	tel: 011/2282-909	for fire	
	Department for	e-mail:	protection	
	Emergency	<u>svs@mup.gov.rs</u>	investment-	
	Situations	Web: <u>www.svs.mup.gov.rs</u>	technical	
			documents. It	
			also issues	
			compliance	
			and utilisation	
			permits.	
			Controls fire	
			protection	
			conditions	
4	Institute for	Radoslava Grujića 11,	The Authority	Official letter
	protection of	11 000 Beograd	is responsible	
	cultural		•	
		Tel: +381 (0)11 2454786 e-mail:	for issuing conditions for	
	5			
	Serbia	office@yuheritage.com	planning and	
		www.heritage.gov.rs	design	
	Institute for		documents	
	protection of		and their	
	cultural		approval	
	heritage Nis			
5	Institute for	Dr Ivana Ribara 91	The Authority	Official lattor
1			,	Official letter
	nature	11000 Belgrade	is responsible	Official letter
		11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801	is responsible for issuing	Official letter
	nature	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801	is responsible for issuing	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the	Official letter
	nature conservation of	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact	Official letter
6	nature conservation of Serbia	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone.	
6	nature conservation of Serbia National Agency	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u> Terazije 23/VII	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone. Stakeholder with	Official letter
6	nature conservation of Serbia National Agency for	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u> Terazije 23/VII 11000 Beograd	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone. Stakeholder with specific interest	
6	nature conservation of Serbia National Agency for Regional	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u> Terazije 23/VII 11000 Beograd Tel. +381 11 2060 888,	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone. Stakeholder with specific interest in the	
6	nature conservation of Serbia National Agency for	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u> Terazije 23/VII 11000 Beograd Tel. +381 11 2060 888, e-mail: <u>office@narr.gov.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone. Stakeholder with specific interest in the development	
6	nature conservation of Serbia National Agency for Regional	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u> Terazije 23/VII 11000 Beograd Tel. +381 11 2060 888,	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone. Stakeholder with specific interest in the development and operation of	
6	nature conservation of Serbia National Agency for Regional	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u> Terazije 23/VII 11000 Beograd Tel. +381 11 2060 888, e-mail: <u>office@narr.gov.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone. Stakeholder with specific interest in the development	
6	nature conservation of Serbia National Agency for Regional	11000 Belgrade tel: 011 209 3801 e-maill: <u>beograd@zzps.rs</u> <u>www.zzps.rs</u> Terazije 23/VII 11000 Beograd Tel. +381 11 2060 888, e-mail: <u>office@narr.gov.rs</u>	is responsible for issuing conditions for planning and design documents and their approval. Also responsible for flora and fauna protection within the Project impact zone. Stakeholder with specific interest in the development and operation of	

	Knjaževac	19 350 Knjaževac Tel. +381 (0)19 732 730, e-mail: soknjazevac@mts.rs http://www.knjazevac.rs	specific interest in the Project who is directly impacted, who also has the ability to influence or effect the Project.	
8	Municipality Zaječar	Trg Oslobođenja 1 <u>19000 Zaječar</u> Tel: +381(0)19 421597 e-mail: <u>office@lerzajecar.com</u>	Stakeholder with specific interest in the Project who is directly impacted, who also has the ability to influence or effect the Project.	Official letter
9	Hunters' Association	Knjaževac - 019 731 705 Minićevo – 019 769605 Kalna – 019 760 598	Stakeholder with specific interest in the development and operation of the Project.	Official letter
10	Fishing' association	USR "Beli Timok" Tel. 064 21 565 22	Stakeholder with specific interest in the development and operation of the Project.	
11	Staff of Public Enterprise "Roads of Serbia"	Blevar Kralja Aleksandra 282 11000 Beograd	Stakeholder who has an interest in the project and the ability to influence and be effected by the operation of the project.	

Grievance mechanism and form

Flowchart of Complaints/Grievance Procedure



Grievances to be resolved within 15 working days.

Grievance Reference N	umber (to be filled in l	oy [name]):				
Contact Details	Name:					
	Address:					
	Tel:	Tel:				
	e-mail:					
How would you prefer to contacted? Please tick to		By phone	Bye	e-mail		
Name and the identifica		identity card)				
	uon mornauon (nom	identity card).				
Details of your grievance	e. Please describe the	e problems, who it	happened to	o, when, where		
and how many times, as						
What is your suggested	resolution for the grie	vance?				
How to submit this	By Post to:					
form to /[name of	By hand: please dro	n this form at				
concessionaire]	by hand, please dro	p this form at				
	By e-mail: Please er	nail your grievance	, suggested	resolution and		
	preferred contact details to:					
Signature			Date			